

## Troubleshooting your compressor

**Problem: My unit trips the breaker when it tries to restart after filling the tank the first time.**

**Solution:**

- 1) Let your unit pump up.
- 2) Turn it off.
- 3) Find the supply line from the pump to the tank.
- 4) Remove the supply line from the pump head.
- 5a) If you hear air coming from the tank you have a bad check valve. Go to check valve page.
- 5b) If you do not hear air coming from the tank, you have a leaky pressure switch.

Check valves are on this page:

[http://www.mastertoolrepair.com/compressor-controls-gauges-check-valves-c-25\\_4.html](http://www.mastertoolrepair.com/compressor-controls-gauges-check-valves-c-25_4.html)

**Problem: My pressure switch is leaking. The small schrader valve attached to the switch leaks when the compressor cuts off.**

**Solution:**

- 1) Let your unit pump up.
- 2) Turn it off.
- 3) Find the supply line from the pump to the tank.
- 4) Remove the supply line from the pump head.
- 5a) If you hear air coming from the tank you have a bad check valve. Go to check valve page.
- 5b) If you do not hear air coming from the tank, you have a leaky pressure switch.

Check valves are on this page:

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**Problem: My compressor is not producing the air that it once did. It takes twice as long to pump up.**

**Solution:**

- 1) Replace your pressure gauge or check the tank pressure with another gauge to make sure that the gauge is accurate.
- 2) Turn off your compressor or disconnect the power.
- 3) Drain all of the air from your tank.
- 4) Check your belt tension to make sure that there is no more than 1/2" deflection in your belt. (if your air compressor has a belt)
- 5) Make sure that the motor pulley and flywheel are tight and not slipping on their respective shafts. (if your air compressor has a motor pulley and flywheel)
- 6) Inspect your air filter to make sure that it is not obstructed.
- 7) Remove the connector tube that sends air to the tank.
- 8) Remove the check valve. It is located at the end of the supply tube towards the tank. Inspect for any obstructions in the check valve.
- 9) Remove the head bolts on top of the pump.
- 10) Remove the head off of your pump.
- 11) Remove the valve plate off of your pump. It may be a one piece or a 2 piece design.
- 12) Inspect the valve plate for broken reed valves or broken gaskets above or below the valve plate.
- 13) This is probably your problem. Order the correct valve plate or gasket by manufacturer on the left category list.
- 14) If you have an **oil free, direct drive unit**, inspect the piston ring and cylinder for wear or grooves on the cylinder wall. If you find deep grooves or a worn piston ring, you probably need to order a piston/cylinder kit.